

# Bash Scripting

## Basics

### Exit codes

In bash, exit codes indicate the success or failure of a command or script.

- 0 → success
- anything else → failure

## Variables and Data Types

Bash primarily deals with strings, but can handle numbers and arrays. Example:

```
name="John"  
age=30
```

## Command substitution

Allows you to use the output of a command as part of another command. Example:

```
current_date=$(date +%Y-%m-%d)
```

## Input/output redirection

Allows you to control where input comes from and where output goes. Example:

```
echo "Hello" > output.txt # Redirect output to a file  
cat < input.txt          # Read input from a file
```

## Control Structures

### Conditionals

#### If statements

Used for conditional execution of code. Example:

```
if [[ condition ]]; then
    echo "condition met"
elif [[ condition_2 ]]; then
    echo "condition_2 met"
else
    echo "no condition met"
fi
```

## Case statements

Used for multiple conditional branches. Example:

```
case "$variable" in
    pattern1) command1 ;;
    pattern2) command2 ;;
    *) default_command ;;
esac
```

## Loops

### For loops

Used to iterate over a list of items. Examples:

```
# Regular
my_array=(1 2 3 4 5)
for item in ${my_array[@]}
do
    echo $item
done

# C-style
for ((i = 0; i < 10; i++)); do
    echo "$i"
done

# Range
for i in {1..10}; do
    echo "$i"
done

# Pattern matching
```

```
for item in ./content/*.md; do
    echo "$item"
done

# Command result
for item in $(ls ~/Notes/); do
    echo $item
done
```

## While loops

Executes a block of code as long as a condition is true. Example:

```
counter=0
while [[ $counter -lt 5 ]]; do
    echo $counter
    ((counter++))
done
```

## Functions

Reusable blocks of code. They operate like mini-scripts. Example:

```
greet() {
    echo "Hello, $1!"
}
greet "World"
```

# Comparisons and Tests

## String comparison

```
val="a"
[[ "$val" == "a" ]]
[[ "$val" != "b" ]]
```

## Numerical comparison

```
num=1
[[ "$num" -eq 1 ]] # equal
[[ "$num" -ne 2 ]] # not equal
```

```
[[ "$num" -lt 2 ]] # less than
[[ "$num" -le 2 ]] # less than or equal
[[ "$num" -gt 1 ]] # greater than
[[ "$num" -ge 1 ]] # greater than or equal
```

## Variable existence

```
val=""
[[ -z $val ]] # var is null
[[ -n $val ]] # var is not null
```

## File checks

```
file="./hello"
[[ -f $file ]] # file exists
[[ -d $file ]] # directory exists
[[ -e $file ]] # file or directory exists
```

## Permissions checks

```
file="./hello"
[[ -r $file ]] # readable
[[ -w $file ]] # writable
[[ -x $file ]] # executable
```

## Logical Operations and Combinations

### Internal combinations

```
[[ $val -gt 5 -a $val -lt 10 ]] # -a -> AND
[[ $val -gt 5 -o $val -lt 3 ]] # -o -> OR
```

### External combinations

```
[[ $val -gt 5 ]] && [[ $val -lt 10 ]] # AND
[[ $val -gt 5 ]] || [[ $val -lt 3 ]] # OR
```

## Conditional execution

```
command1 && command2  # Execute command2 if command1 was successful
command1 || command2  # Execute command2 if command1 failed
```

## Useful Commands and Concepts

### sleep

Pauses the script for a specified amount of time.

### read

Reads input from the user. Example:

```
read -p "Do you want to continue (Y/n) " resp
if [[ $resp != "Y" ]]; then
    exit 1
fi
echo "Continuing..."
```

### set options

Activates strict mode in bash:

```
set -euo pipefail
```

- set -e: exit on error
- set -u: exit on unset var
- set -o pipefail: exit on pipe fail

### mktemp

Creates a temporary file or directory.

### trap

Sets up a function to be called when the script receives specific signals.

## Arrays

Store multiple values in a single variable. Example:

```
fruits=("apple" "banana" "cherry")  
echo ${fruits[0]} # Outputs: apple
```

## Best Practices

- Use meaningful variable names
- Comment your code
- Use functions for repeated code
- Always quote variables when using them
- Use `set -euo pipefail` for safer scripts

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